Organising and Raising Youth's Sense of Responsibility towards Integrated Management of Sexual and Reproductive Health, HIV and

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Presentation plan

- Introduction
- Context
- What is CCEJ?
- Targets and Administration
- CCEI interventions
- Involvement of women-Mothers Clubs
- Successes/Achievements
- Specific challenges
- Conclusion / lessons learnt



INTRODUCTION

- ➤ 47% young people 10-24 and 23% for those of 15-24
- Steel vulnerables because of: toxicomania, alcoolism, SI (Sexual Infections)/HIV, unwanted pregnancies and unemployement.
- ❖ Social factors of vulnerability:
- Early weddings
- Child trafficking and sexual abuse
- · Weak level of education
- > Little opportunities of interactions
- > Deficiency of sexual education
- > Medical services really no adapted to their needs.

Context / CONSTATS (EVIDENCES)

Différents approaches

- Young clubs from (Plan Togo)
- Health center Friend of Young (UNICEF)
- Crase (Ministry in charge of Youth + UNFPA)
- Young Action Movement (ATBEF)
- Young Clubs (Bornefonden)
- Youth and counselling (Red Cross)
- « Sister to sister » and Leaders (Population Service International-PSI)
- Youth Convivial and Conselling Center (UNFPA, Health Department Young, Youth Department, Togolese Red Cross, 2009) CCEJ



What is CCEJ?

Physical presentation

Equipements and materials

- Premises)
- Blibliothec, Libraries
- Billsticking
- BCC materials
- Severals games
- Satellite receiver and TV,
- Audiovisual equipments
- Sports area

Target groups Young people (boys and girls) from 10-24 years old and 25-35 Intermediaries/Relay groups: Parents, Teachers, NGO Leaders and Community Leaders and workers.

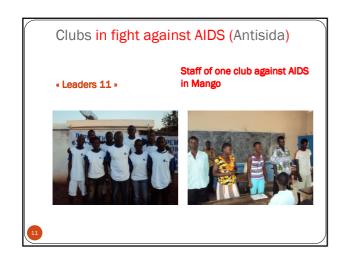
Working and community administration of CCFI

- Red Cross volunteers
- 1 Health personnel
- 1 Youth manager
- Leaders of Peer-Educators
- women leaders (Mothers clubs) 04 H, 04 days weakly
- Times and days are clearly defined by beneficiaries
- 35-50 people / day
- youth comite (7pers)



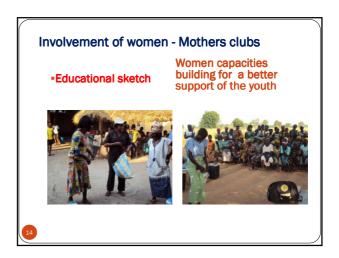












Successes / Achievements (2009-2010)

- \bullet Increasing number of people for HIV testing (750 people by CCEJ in 2010
- · Rejection of early or forced weddings
- Reduction of number of early pregnancies (0 case of early pregnancy in CCEJ Mango 2009/2010)
- Increasing number of visitors of CCEJ
- Increasing Arwareness on Children and youth's rights (by the parents)
- Conviviality betwen the youth from differents areas
- Discussion of taboo topics/issues



Specific challenges

- $\bullet \ \ He sitation \ \ / \ Reluctance \ of some \ parents$
- Socio-economic constraints faced by the youth
- ✓ Lack of leadership in Sexual and Reproductive Health interventions
- $\checkmark \textit{Deficiency} \ \textit{in youth organization (structures and networks)}$
- ✓ Limited Resources

Conclusion /lessons learnt

- Integration of interventions: games and sport, instructive talks, chats
- Co-management (Ministry in charge of Youth, Ministry of Health, Department of Education, UNFPA) and local partnership contribute to meet the needs of youth according to Sexual and Reproductive Health/HIV and Human Rights
- The sense of responsibility give to youth and principles of community management « Competences and Practices of Rights »
- Women involvement strengthnens the basic education of the youth, dialog with men about Rights and the child girl education.



Thank for your pleasant listening